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CMP and WASHCO Legalization JTR in SNNP and BSGR

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General

- JTR 9 on CMP and Legalization was carried in SNNP and BSGR
- Woredas visited: Duna and Gibe (SNNP) and Assosa Zuria and Bambasi (BSGR)
- Partners conducting this JTR: MoWIE, JICA, UNICEF, WB, WaterAid, COWASH



CMP background

- CMP was developed in 2003 (G.C.) in Amhara Region by RWSEP
- Today CMP is implemented in 76 woredas of 5 regions by COWASH
- In CMP:
 - Project fund are transferred to the community via MFI
 - Community is the project manager
 - Woreda is facilitator



WASHCO legalization background

- All regions have issued proclamation for the establishment of rural as well as urban water supply and sanitation service
- SNNP is leading in WASHCO legalization
- BSGR started the legalization first, but are now lacking behind
- Amhara, Tigray and Oromia are expected to start legalization implementation process soon
- Afar, Somali, Harari and Gambella regions lack behind in WASHCO legalization



Major CMP findings

- CMP was found to be an approach properly fit to the rural water supply implementation
- Through CMP approach the following can be achieved
 - Accelerated implementation speed
 - High cost efficiency
 - High community contribution
 - High community ownership
 - High functionality rates



WASHCO legalization findings

- The SNNP:
 - Regulation, May 18, 2012 (No. 102/2012).
 - Directive or guideline issued by Water Bureau
 - Unlike BSGR, registration and certification is made by woreda water offices
 - So far 50 % of WASHCOs legalized
 - Plan to achieve 100 % by the end of 2008 EFY
- The BSGR:
 - Proclamation 2008
 - Regulation 2014
 - Directive approved in November 2015
 - Only 4 woreda level associations legalized by the Water Bureau (+ some RPS legalized) given the long years start



WASHCO legalization findings

- The institutional water supplies are not legalized
- Legal recognition gives communities right to:
 - own as their own property
 - communicate legally with official bodies
 - have power to sue and to be sued
 - have rights to access credits from different institutions.
 - have right to have own name and stamp
 - have right to have legal receipt book

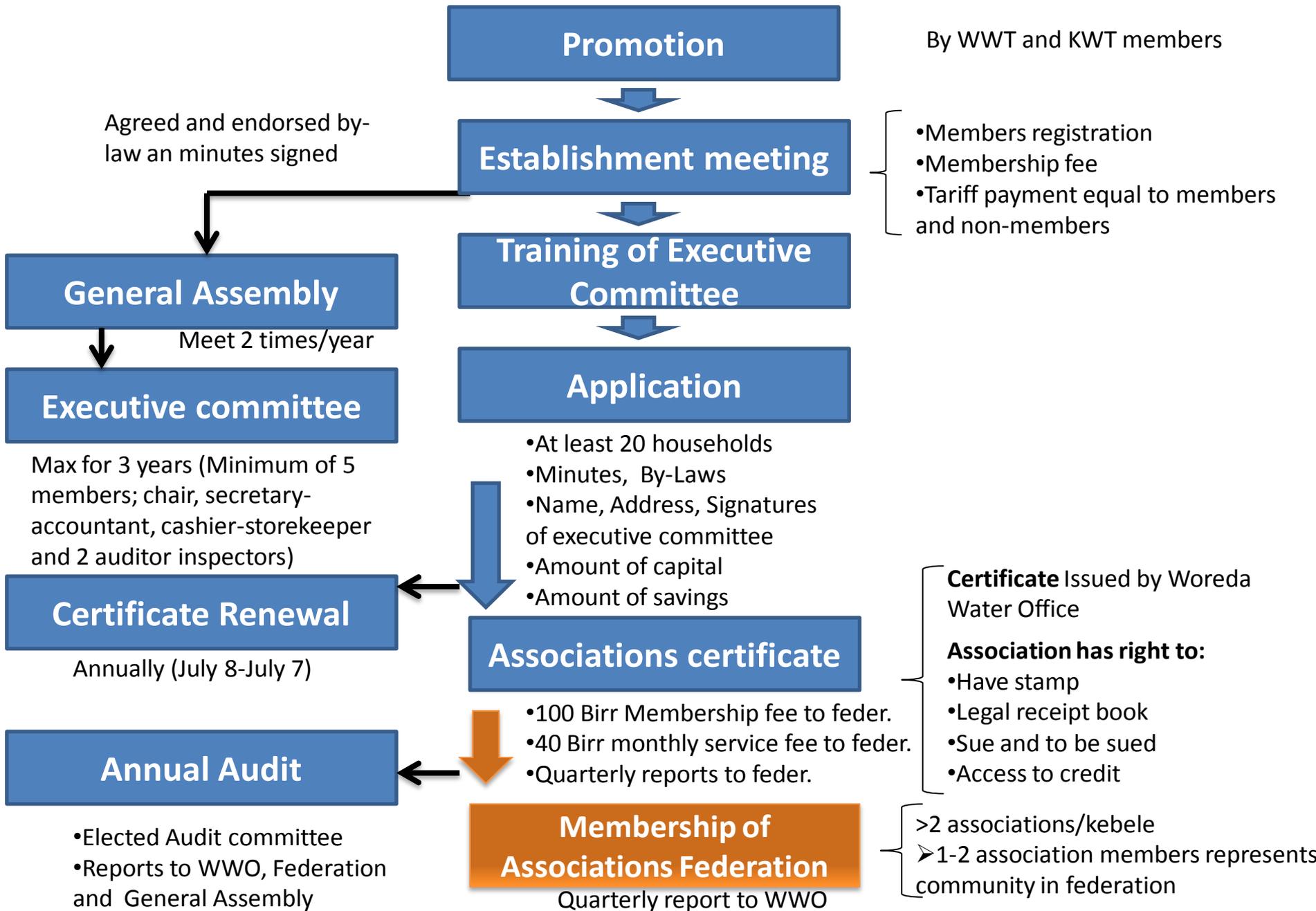


More findings in legalization

- Woreda WUA establishment in BSGR is very much donor driven
- The registration and certification mandate in BSGR is the regional bureau-doesn't seem right
- Woreda WUA in BSGR have established spare part store (each WASH contributed seed fund)
- In SNNP the Associations and Federation at Kebele level does not have umbrella organization at woreda level (except water office)



Water Users' Association establishment process in SNNPR



CMP recommendations/next steps

- NGOs and WASH actors can learn from the CMP project
 - filing system procedure
 - up-front cash contribution,
 - application and appraisal processes a
 - financial and construction management training
- CMP manual for use in Consolidated WASH Account (CWA) programme has been prepared
 - Expected to be approved by MoFEC to start CMP in the CWA.
- Government of Finland (GoF) continues to support CMP through CWA and COWASH project from July 2016-June 2019 in the existing 76 woredas



Legalization recommendation/next steps

- Each region should visit SNNP to learn and act accordingly
- Regions who are in process should aggressively finalize the directive and guideline and start systematic legalization process and those who are not need to start to do so
- The ongoing Ethiopian Social Accountability Project should include the WASHCO legalization into ESAP
- The WASHCO legalization database should be standardized, established and linked to federal database.
- Regional governments should allocate adequate budgets to allow the legalization process to progress



Legalization recommendations

- There should be appropriate staffing at all levels if Legalization has to be done in right way
- Recommendation is:
 - Federal level Legalization team
 - Region level minimum 2 persons/sub-process
 - Zone level minimum 1 person
 - Woreda level minimum 1 person
- MoWIE shall establish legalization reporting system in order to report GTP II progress
- Successful legalization need high level political commitment from leaders at all levels
- There should be sound and regular monitoring mechanism/system to ensure that all regions are implementing it



Thank You



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